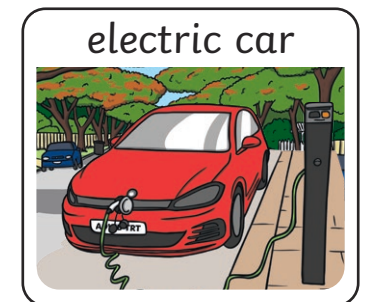
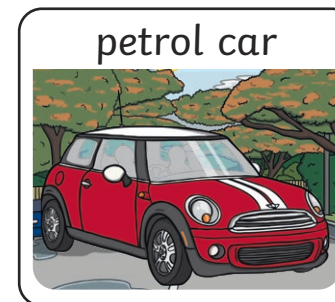
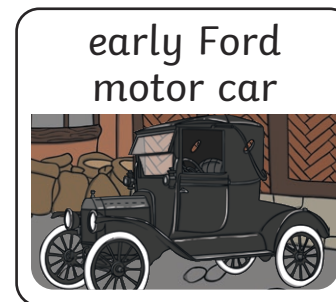
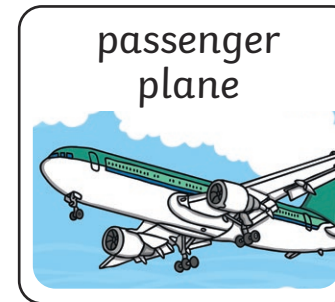
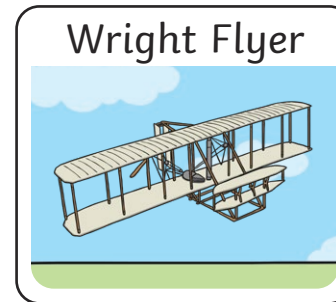
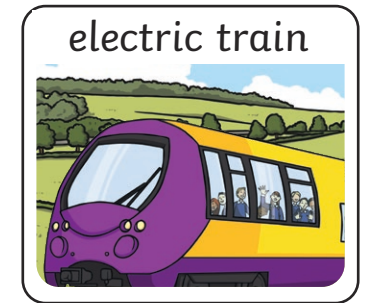
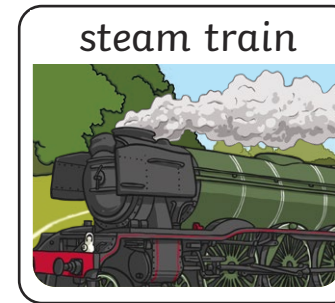
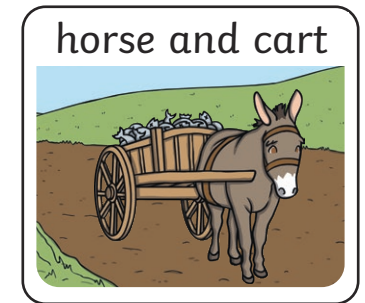
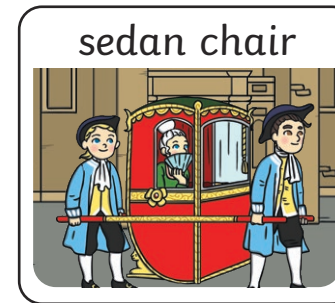
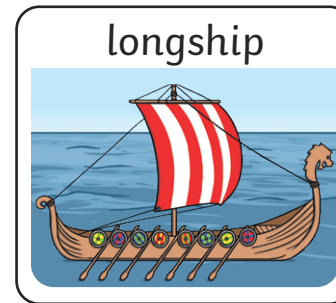



Key Vocabulary	
carriage	A place that people can sit in to be pulled along by a horse or a train's engine.
travel	Moving from one place to another.
transport	Carrying people or goods from one place to another.
steam engine	A steam engine uses steam from boiling water to make it move. The steam pushes the moving parts.
electric cars	Electric cars use electricity to make the motor turn.
petrol	Petrol is the fuel used in petrol engines to make cars move.
railway	A railway is the track that trains run on.
motor	A motor turns energy into movement so that things (such as cars and trains) can move.




Key Vocabulary

What are longships?	The Vikings travelled in longships. They travelled to explore other countries and to trade.
What were the first trains like?	The first trains had steam engines . Smoke could be seen coming out of the chimney at the front.
When was the first passenger train?	In 1830, people could travel on trains for the first time.
Who built and flew the first aeroplane?	In 1903, the Wright brothers were the first people to successfully fly in an aeroplane. They built it themselves.
When were cars first made in factories?	In 1908, Henry Ford made a car called the Model T. It was the first car to be made in a factory and lots of these cars were made.



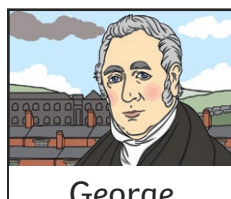
Karl Benz




Henry Ford



Wright Brothers



George Stephenson



transportation

1634
The sedan chair began to be used in the UK.

1911
The first car factory opened.

1903
The first successful plane flight.

1885
The first **petrol** engine car was invented.

700AD – 1100 AD
The Viking Age.

1605
The Gunpowder Plot

1829
Stephenson built the Rocket.

1860
The Nightingale School of Nursing opens